6. The apparatus according to claim 1. further comprising inputting means for manually designating a change of power from said first power to said second power.

7. The apparatus according to claim 1. wherein said changing means includes means for returning power of said ultrasound to said first power after the scanning is continued for a predetermined period of time by said second power.

8. The apparatus according to claim 1. wherein said image data obtaining means includes means for subtracting image data, first obtained after said power of the ultrasound is changed from said first power to said second power, and image data, in obtained after said power of the ultrasound is changed from said first power to said second power, from each other between frames.

9. The apparatus according to claim 1. wherein said scanning means scans plural ultrasonic scanning lines and includes means for repeating a receiving and transmitting operation twice in connection with each of said ultrasonic scanning lines. and means for subtracting the echo signal obtained by the first receiving and transmitting operation and the echo signal obtained by the second receiving and transmitting operation from each other, and said image data obtaining means obtains image data based on said subtracted echo signal.

10. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said scanning means includes means for extracting a high frequency component from said echo signal, and said image data obtaining means obtains image data based on said high frequency component.

11. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said displaying means includes means for displaying a power state of said ultrasound.

12. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said image obtaining means includes means for obtaining a time density curve of a pixel value of said image data.

13. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said scanning means includes first means for generating the ultrasound by said first power, and second means for generating the ultrasound by said second power.

11. 33.

/14. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus comprising:

scanning means for repeatedly scanning a cross section of an examining human body having implanted bubbles as an ultrasonic shadowing agent with an ultrasound to repeat an echo signal;

image obtaining means for repeatedly obtaining image data based on said echo signal;

displaying means for displaying said generated image data as a motion image;

changing means for changing a frequency of said ultrasound from a first frequency to a second frequency; and storing means for selectively storing the image data obtained from the obtaining means during a time period in which the cross section of the examining human being is scanned with the ultrasound of the second

frequency.

15. The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein said image obtaining means includes means for storing image data first obtained after said frequency of the ultrasound is changed from said first frequency to said second frequency.

16. The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein said displaying means includes means for displaying image data first obtained after said frequency of the ultrasound is changed from said first frequency to said second frequency as a static image.

17. The apparatus according to claim 14. further comprising inputting means for manually designating a change of the frequency from said first frequency to said second frequency.

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18. The apparatus according to claim 14. wherein said changing means includes means for returning the frequency of said ultrasound to said first frequency after the scanning is continued for a predetermined period of time by said second frequency.

19. The apparatus according to claim 14. wherein said image obtaining means includes means for subtracting image data, first obtained after said frequency of the ultrasound is changed from said first frequency to said second frequency, and image data, subsequently obtained after said for frequency of the ultrasound is changed from said first frequency to said second frequency, from each other between frames.

20. The apparatus according to claim 14. wherein said scanning means scans plural ultrasonic scanning lines and 15 includes means for repeating a receiving and transmitting operation twice in connection with each of said ultrasonic scanning lines, and means for subtracting the echo signal obtained by the first receiving and transmitting operation and the echo signal obtained by the second receiving and transmitting operation from each other, and said image generating means generates image data based on said subtracted echo signal.

21. The apparatus according to claim 14. wherein said scanning means includes means for extracting a high frequency component from said echo signal, and said image data obtaining means obtains image data based on said high frequency component.

22. The apparatus according to claim 14. wherein said displaying means includes means for displaying a frequency 30 state of said ultrasound.

23. The apparatus according to claim 14. wherein said image obtaining means includes means for obtaining a time density curve of a pixel value of said image data.

24. An ultrasound imaging method, which repeatedly 35

scans a cross section of an examining human body having implanted bubbles as an ultrasonic shadowing agent with an ultrasound to obtain an echo signal, repeatedly obtains

500 (7) image data based on said echo signal, and displays said image data as a motion image, comprising:

- a first step of scanning said ultrasound by first power;
- a second step of scanning said ultrasound by second power stronger than said first power after scanning said ultrasound by said first power; and
- a third step of selectively storing the image data obtained during a time period in which the cross section of the examining human body is scanned with the ultrasound of the second power.

25. The method according to claim 24, wherein said power is sound pressure.

26. The method according to claim 25, further comprising a third step of returning power of said ultrasound to said first power after the scanning is continued for a predetermined period of time by said second power.

527. An ultrasound imaging method, which repeatedly scans a cross section of an examining human body having implanted bubbles as an ultrasonic shadowing agent with an ultrasound to obtain an echo signal, repeatedly obtains image data based on said echo signal, and displays said image data as a motion image, comprising:

a first step of scanning said ultrasound by first power:

- a second step of scanning said ultrasound by second power stronger than said first power after scanning said ultrasound by said first power; and
- a third step of selectively storing the image data obtained during a time period in which the cross section of the examining human body is scanned with the ultrasound of the second frequency.

28. The method according to claim 27. further comprising a third step of returning the frequency of said ultrasound to
35 said first frequency after the scanning is continued for a predetermined period of time by said second frequency.

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	29 An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus
180	comprising:
\mathcal{O}°	comprising: a transducer configured to transmit
	ultrasound to a human body having implanted
5	bubbles and to receive an echo signal
3	corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the
	human body:
	a transmission mechanism configured to
	apply a first drive signal and then a second drive
10	signal successively to said transducer, said first
10	drive signal having a first characteristic resulting
	in said transducer generating a respective first
	echo signal representative of a first quality image
15	and said second drive signal having a second
13	characteristic resulting in said transducer
	generating a respective second echo signal representative of a second quality image higher
	than the first quality; and
20	a processor configured to generate first and
20	second display image data corresponding to said
	first and second quality images.
	20 The second of Claim 20 and amin
	30. The apparatus of Claim 29, wherein
25	said transmission mechanism is configured to
25	apply said first and second drive signals to said
	transducer during respective first and second time
	periods and comprises a selection mechanism
	configured to variably select at least one of said
20	first and second time periods.
30	21 The second of Coldina 20 and are in
	31. The apparatus of Claim 29, wherein
	said transmission mechanism is configured to
	apply first drive signals having a first power level
2.5	and second drive signals having a second power
35	level greater than said first power level.
	22 77
	32. The apparatus of Claim 29, wherein
	said transmission mechanism is configured to
40	apply first drive signals having a first frequency
40	and second drive signals having a second
	frequency different from said first frequency.
	33. The apparatus of Claim 29, wherein
	said transmission mechanism is configured to
45	apply first drive signals having a first pulse
	repetition rate and second drive signals having a

second pulse repetition rate greater than said first

34. The apparatus of Claim 30, wherein

pulse repetition rate.

5 said transmission mechanism comprises a user interface by which a user can manually variably select duration of at least one of said first and second time periods. 10 35. The apparatus of Claim 34, wherein said transmission mechanism is configured to apply first drive signals having a first power level and second drive signals having a second power level greater than said first power level. 15 36. The apparatus of Claim 34, wherein said transmission mechanism is configured to apply first drive signals having a first frequency and second drive signals having a second 20 frequency different form said first frequency. 37. The apparatus of Claim 34, wherein said transmission mechanism is configured to apply first drive signals having a first pulse 25 repetition rate and second drive signals having a second pulse repetition rate greater than said first pulse repetition rate. 38. The apparatus of Claim 29, wherein said processor comprises a high pass filter which 30 extracts high frequency components from the second echo signals and is configured to generate said second display image data based on the high frequency components extracted by said filter. 35 39. The apparatus any one of Claims 29-38, wherein said transmit mechanism comprises a user interface by which an operator can manually initiate application of said second drive signal. 40 40. The apparatus of any one of Claims 29-38, wherein said transmit mechanism comprises a trigger input configured to receive an electrocardiographic signal and generate said second drive signal in response to said 45

electrocardiographic signal.

	41. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus for
	examining a region of a human body having an
	implanted bubbles, comprising:
	a transducer configured to transmit an
5	ultrasound signal to said region of said human
_	body in response to a first drive signal and to
	generate an echo signal in response to an
	ultrasound echo from said region of said human
	body;
10	a transmit driver coupled to the transducer
	and configured to apply to said transducer during
	a first variable time interval in which implanted
	bubbles flow into said region of said human body
	a series of drive pulses as said first drive signal,
15	said drive pulses causing said transducer to
;	transmit the ultrasound signal with a power level
,	sufficient to break at least some but substantially
	less than all of the bubbles in said region of said
	human body; and
20	a processor coupled to said transducer and
	configured to generate display image data based
	on echo signals produced by said transducer in
	response to application of said series of said first
	drive signals to said transducer.
25	
	42. The ultrasonic diagnostic apparatus
	according to claim 41, wherein said transmit
	driver is configured to apply said series of first
	drive signals so that the transducer produces
30	corresponding first ultrasound signals at a first
	power level during said first variable time interval
	and to apply to said transducer a second series of
	drive signals so that the transducer produces
	corresponding second ultrasound signals at a
35	second power level during a second variable time
	interval after said first time interval to break
	bubbles in said region of said human body during
	said second variable time interval.
	/
40	43. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus
	comprising:
	a transducer configured to transmit in
	response to a drive pulse an ultrasound signal to a
	human body having implanted bubbles and to
45	generate an echo signal corresponding to an
	ultrasound echo from the human body;

a transmission mechanism configured to

	apply to said transducer a series of first drive
	pulses to cause said transducer to transmit
	ultrasound signals to break the bubbles during a
5	first time period and to stop the transmitting of the
•	drive pulses breaking the bubbles during a
	subsequent variable time period; and
	a processor configured to generate data of
	plural images based on echo signals generated by
10	said transducer during the first time period.
10	said transdator daring me mst mile period.
	44/ An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus
	44 An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus (comprising:
	a transducer configured to transmit in
15	response to a drive pulse an ultrasound signal to a
13	human body having implanted bubbles and to
	generate an echo signal corresponding to an
	-
	ultrasourd echo from the human body;
20	a transmission mechanism configured to
20	apply to said transducer repeatedly a series of first
	drive pulses to cause said transducer to transmit
	corresponding ultrasound signals to break the
	bubbles, wherein the first drive pulses
~ ~	transmission is started by a trigger signal and
25	ended a first time period after the trigger signal;
	a processor configured to generate data of
	plural images based on echo signals generated by
	said transducer in response to the series of said
	first drive pulses.
30	1
	45. The apparatus according to claim 43.
	wherein said processor is configured to generate
	data corresponding to motion display images
	based on echo signals generated in response to a
35	series of second drive pulses applied during the
	variable time period.
	•
	46. The apparatus according to claim 43.
	wherein said processor comprises a subtraction
40	mechanism configured to generate a subtraction
	image by subtracting between said plural images.
	}
	47. The apparatus according to claim 43.
	wherein said processor comprises a filter
45	configured to extract high frequency components
	from the echo signals and to generate said image

data based on the extracted high frequency

components. 48. The apparatus according to claim 43, wherein said processor comprises a memory 5 configured to store storing the image data. 49. The apparatus according to claim 43. wherein said processor is configured to generate 10 static display image based on image data obtained during the first time period. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus comprising: 15 a transducer configured to transmit in response to a drive signal an ultrasound signal to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles and to generate an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the 20 human body; and transmit driver coupled to the transducer and configured to apply to said transducer a sequence of said drive signals having a sufficiently low first power during a first time period so that said transducer transmits said ultrasound signal at 25 a first power level during said first time period to allow a substantial number of bubbles to remain in said region of said human body during said first time period and a second power during a second time period so that during said second time period 30 said transducer transmits said ultrasound signal at a second power level to break substantially all the bubbles in said region of said human. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus 35 comprising: a transducer configured to transmit in response to a drive pulse an ultrasound signal to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles 40 and to generate an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body; and transmission mechanism configured to

> apply to the transducer plural drive pulses at a first power followed by plural drive pulses of a second

power greater than said first power; and

a processor configured to generate time

	density curve data corresponding to time variation
	of luminance value of at least one image pixel
	based on echo signals generated by said transducer
5	during application of said plural drive signals of
	said first power and sald second power.
	52. The apparatus according to claim 51,
	wherein said processor includes a filter configured
10	to extract high frequency components from the
	echo signals and to generate image data based on
	the extracted high frequency components.
	53. The apparatus of claim 10, wherein
15	said high frequency component includes at least a
	harmonic greater than a first harmonic of a
	frequency of the ultrasound signal.
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	An ultrasonic diagnostic apparatus
20	6 / 54. An ultrasonic diagnostic apparatus comprising:
	anultrasound probe configured to generate
	an ultrasound signal for application to a region of
	a human body having implanted bubbles therein in
	response to a drive signal and to generate an echo
25	signal in response to reflection of said ultrasound
	signal by said human body;
	a drive signal generator coupled to the
	probe and configured to generate and apply to the
	probe the drive signal, said drive signal having a
30	selected power which is changeable between a
	first power and a second power greater than said
	first power;
	an image processor coupled to said probe
	to generate image data based on echo signals
35	generated by said probe in response to reflections
	of ultrasound signals generated by said drive
	signal in correspondence with the drive signal
	having said first and second powers, said image
	processor comprising a memory configured to
40	store the image data generated in relation to
	ultrasound signals generated when said drive
	signal has said second power; and
	a display coupled to the image processor
	and configured to display a motion image
45	corresponding to the generated image data.

	$\sqrt{55}$. An ultrasound probe configured to
	generate an ultrasound for application to a region
	of a human body having implanted bubbles therein
	in response to a drive signal and to repeatedly scan
5	said region to detect an echo signal;
	an image processor coupled to said probe
	and configured to generate image data in response
	to said detected echo signal;
	a display coupled to the image processor
10	and configured to display the generated image data
	as a motion image;
	a driver coupled to the probe and
	configured to apply the drive signal to the probe;
	a frequency selector coupled to the driver
15	for providing a frequency select signal to change
	the frequency of the drive signal from a first
	frequency to a second frequency; and
	a memory coupled to the image processor
	selectively storing the image data during a time
20	period in which the cross section of the examining
	human being is scanned with the ultrasound
	generated upon application to the probe of the
	drive signal having the second frequency.
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25	56. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus
	comprising
	comprising a transducer transmitting in response to a
	comprising a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human
20	comprising a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an
30	comprising a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo
30	comprising a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body
30	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to
30	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the
	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the
30 35	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said
	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied
	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal
	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal comprising a pulse applied for same line after
35	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal comprising a pulse applied for same line after applying the first drive signal, said transmission
	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal comprising a pulse applied for same line after applying the first drive signal, said transmission mechanism repeating application of said first and
35	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal comprising a pulse applied for same line after applying the first drive signal, said transmission mechanism repeating application of said first and second drive signals for each of plural scanning
35	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal comprising a pulse applied for same line after applying the first drive signal, said transmission mechanism repeating application of said first and second drive signals for each of plural scanning lines:
35	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal comprising a pulse applied for same line after applying the first drive signal, said transmission mechanism repeating application of said first and second drive signals for each of plural scanning lines: a processor comprising a subtraction
35 40	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal comprising a pulse applied for same line after applying the first drive signal, said transmission mechanism repeating application of said first and second drive signals for each of plural scanning lines: a processor comprising a subtraction mechanism configured to perform subtraction
35	a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body a transmission mechanism configured to apply first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal comprising a pulse applied for same line after applying the first drive signal, said transmission mechanism repeating application of said first and second drive signals for each of plural scanning lines: a processor comprising a subtraction

echo signal produced upon application of said second drive signal, said processor configured to generate display image data based on a result of

the subtraction.

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	57. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus
	comprising:
	a transducer configured to transmit
	ultrasound to a region of a human body having
10	implanted bubbles and to generate an echo signal
	corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the
	human body;
	a transmission mechanism configured to
	apply to the transducer first and second drive
15	signals to produce first and second ultrasound
	echo signals from the human body, said first drive
	signal having a first characteristic which results in
	echo reflected off bubbles and tissue and breaking
	of the bubbles in the region and the second drive
20	signal having a characteristic which results in echo
	reflected off substantially only tissue in said
	region; and
	a processor having a subtraction
25	mechanism, a synchronism mechanism configured
25	to apply the first and second echo signals in
	synchronism to said subtraction mechanism and an
	image processor configured to generate display image data based on the result of the subtraction
	performed by the subtraction mechanism, said
30	subtraction mechanism configured to perform
30	subtraction between the first and second echo
	signals.
	Signals.
	58. The apparatus according to claim 57,
35	wherein said processor comprises:
J .	the synchronism mechanism having a
	delay mechanism configured to delay the echo
	signals outputted from the probe, and a detecting
	mechanism configured to detect a result of
40	subtraction by the subtraction mechanism.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	59. The apparatus according to claim 57,
	wherein said processor comprises:
	a receiving delay mechanism providing

delay time for the echo signals outputted from the

probe, the synchronism mechanism having a delay

mechanism configured to delay the echo signals outputted from the receiving delay mechanism, the subtraction mechanism configured to perform subtraction between the echo signals outputted from the receiving delay mechanism and from the delay mechanism, an adder mechanism adding the subtracted echo signals, and a detecting mechanism detecting the added echo signals.

10 81 601 (12) comprising:

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601 An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus

a transducer configured to transmit ultrasourd to a human body having implanted bubbles, and to generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body;

means for applying a first drive signal and then a second drive signal successively to said transducer, said first drive signal resulting in said transducer generating a respective first echo signal representative of a first quality image and said second drive signal resulting in said transducer generating a respective second echo signal representative of a second quality image higher that the first quality; and

a processor configured to generate first and second display image data corresponding to said first and second quality images.

Joint An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus for examining a region of a human body having an implanted bubbles, comprising:

Output

Description:

Output

a transducer configured to transmit an ultrasound signal to said region of said human body in response to a first drive signal and to generate an echo signal in response to an ultrasound echo from said region of said human body;

means for applying to said transducer a series of pulses as said first drive signal during a first variable time interval in which implanted bubbles flow into said region of said human body, said drive pulses causing said transducer to transmit the ultrasound signal with a power level sufficient to break at least some but substantially

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than all of the bubbles in said region of said human\body; and Aprocessor coupled to said transducer and configured to generate display image data based 5 on echo signals produced by said transducer in response to application of said series of said first drive signals to said transducer. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus comprising: 10 a transducer configured to transmit in response to a drive pulse an ultrasound signal to a human body having implanted bubbles and to generate an echo signal corresponding to an 15 ultrasound echo from the human body; means for applying to said transducer a series of drive pulses to cause said transducer to transmit ultrasound signals to break the bubbles during a first time period and to stop the applying 20 of the drive pulses breaking the bubbles during a subsequent variable time period; and a processor configured to generate data of plural images based on echo signals generated by said transducer during the first time period. 25 An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus complising: a transducer configured to transmit in response to a drive pulse an ultrasound signal to a human body having implanted bubbles and to 30 generate an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body: means for repeatedly applying to said transducer a series of first drive pulses to cause said transducer to transmit corresponding 35 ultrasound signals to break the bubbles, wherein the first drive pulses transmission is started by a trigger signal and ended a first time period after the trigger signal; and a processor configured to generate data of 40 plural images based on echo signals generated by said transducer in response to the series of said first drive pulses. Ah ultrasound diagnostic apparatus 45 comprising:

	a transducer configured to transmit in
	response to a drive signal an ultrasound signal to
	a region of a human body having implanted
	bubbles and to generate an echo signal
5	corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the
	human body; and
	means for applying to said transducer a
	sequence of said drive signals having a sufficiently
	low first power during a first time period so that
10	said transducer transmits said ultrasound signal at
	a first power level during said first time period to
	allow a substantial number of bubbles to remain
	in said region of said human body during said first
	time period and a second power during a second
15	time period so that during said second time period
	said transducer transmits said ultrasound signal at
	a second power level to break substantially all the
	bubbles in said region of said human.
20	$\sqrt{65}$. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus
	comprising:
	a transducer configured to transmit in
	response to a drive pulse an ultrasound signal to a
	region of a human body having implanted bubbles
25	and to generate an echo signal corresponding to an
	ultrasound echo from the human body; and
	means for applying to the transducer plural
	drive pulses at a first power\followed by plural
•	drive pulses of a second power greater than said
30	first power; and
	a processor configured to generate time
	density curve data corresponding to time variation
	of luminance value of at least one image pixel
	based on echo signals generated by said transducer
35	during application of said plural drive signals at
	said first power and said second power.
	/
	66. An ultrasonic diagnostic apparatus
	comprising:
40	an ultrasound probe configured to generate
	an ultrasound signal for application to a region of
	a human body having implanted bubbles therein in
	response to a drive signal and to generate an echo
	signal in response to reflection of said ultrasound
45	signal by said human body.

means for applying the drive signal to the

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comprising:

probe said drive signal having a selected power which is changeable between a first power and a second power greater than said first power; 5 an image processor coupled to said probe to generate image data based on echo signals generated by said probe in response to reflections of ultrasound signals generated by said drive signal in correspondence with the drive signal having said first and second powers, said image 10 processor comprising a memory configured to store the image data generated in relation to ultrasound signals generated when said drive signal has said second power; and a display coupled to the image processor 15 and configured to display a motion image corresponding to the generated image data. 67. An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus comprising 20 a transducer transmitting in response to a drive signal an ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles, and generating an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo 25 from the human body means for applying first and second drive signals to the transducer to cause said ultrasound to break the bubbles in said region of said human body, said first drive signal comprising plural 30 pulses applied for a scanning line and said second drive signal comprising a pulse applied for the same line after applying the first drive signal, said transmission mechanism repeating application of said first and second drive signals for each of 35 plural scanning lines; a processor comprising a subtraction mechanism configured to perform subtraction between a first echo signal produced upon application of said first drive signal and second 40 echo signal produced upon application of said second drive signal, said processor configured to generate display image data based on a result of the subtraction.

An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus

a transducer configured to transmit ultrasound to a region of a human body having implanted bubbles and to generate an echo signal corresponding to an ultrasound echo from the human body;

means for applying to the transducer first and second drive signals to produce first and second ultrasound echo signals from the human body, said first drive signal having a first characteristic which results in echo reflected off bubbles and tissue and breaking of the bubbles in the region and the second drive signal having a characteristic which results in echo reflected off substantially only tissue in said region; and

a processor having a subtraction mechanism and configured to apply the first and second echo signals in synchronism to said subtraction mechanism, said subtraction mechanism configured to perform subtraction between the first and second echo signals, said processor configured to generate display image data based on the result of the subtraction performed by the subtraction mechanism.

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